Equilibrium coherence and persistent circulation of long-lifetime polariton condensates

Monday, 11 September 2023 22:40 (20 minutes)

We have created a spatially homogeneous polariton condensate in thermal equilibrium. *In-situ*, non-destructive measurement of the coherence allows us to extract the quasicondensate fraction. These measurements reveal a striking 7/2 power law for the quasicondensate fraction overly nearly three orders of magnitude of density. The same power law is seen in simulations solving the generic two-dimensional Gross-Pitaevskii equation for the equilibrium coherence, showing that it is a universal result. This power law has not been predicted by prior analytical theories; prior measurements of coherence with cold atoms did not have sufficient accuracy to observe it.

In a separate set of experiments, we have shown persistent circulation of a polariton condensate in a ring trap, which is initiated by a short (1-2 picosecond) stirring pulse and then persists without degradation and without any addition stirring for as long as we can measure (14 nanoseconds) in a stable steady state.

Primary author: SNOKE, David (University of Pittsburgh)

Co-authors: Mr ALNATAH, Hasan (University of Pittsburgh); Mr BEAUMARIAGE, Jonathan (University of Pittsburgh); Dr WEST, Ken (Princeton University); BALDWIN, Kirk (Princeton); PFEIFFER, Loren (Princeton); Mr QI, Yao (University of Pittsburgh)

Presenter: SNOKE, David (University of Pittsburgh)

Session Classification: Poster Session II

Track Classification: Quantum Gases in Low Dimensions